

Falcon Boat Club Activity & Safety Handbook



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What is this handbook for?

This handbook sets out the rules and guidelines for Falcon members undertaking in club organised activity within rowing, kayaking and canoeing.

The primary aim of this handbook is ensure members are safe when undertaking club activity.

Club Policy: Safety

Falcon Boat Club has a zero tolerance for anyone being harmed as a result of our members' participation in the sport.

We believe that harm is not an inevitable consequence of our activities and that incidents that cause harm can be avoided. We will strive to provide an environment in which the sport can be practised safely and enjoyably by our members. We will guide and lead our members in a way that fulfils these aims.

We recognise that our members have primary responsibility for their own safety and the safety of others. The Club, through its Officers and Committee, will encourage safe practice having due regard for the guidance provided by British Rowing's RowSafe and British Canoeing's Paddlesafer safety guidance.

The Club has safety rules that it expects its members to respect; these can be found below. Complying with these rules will help to prevent harm.

The Club is also committed to learn from the incidents it becomes aware of and will share this information to help others in the sport to learn too. We are committed to make appropriate use of British Rowing and British Canoeing's Incident Reporting Systems.

https://incidentreporting.britishrowing.org/

https://www.britishcanoeing.org.uk/guidance-resources/safety-1/incident-reporting

Members are invited to refer any questions and concerns, relating to safety, to the Club's Rowing Water Safety Adviser Claire Parker rowing.safety@falconboatclub.org.uk or Rowing Club Captain Jon Crooks rowing.captain.falcon@gmail.com or, the Canoeing and Kayaking safety advisor kayaking.safety@falconboatclub.org.uk and captain kayaking@falconboatclub.org.uk

Signed by Club President / Chair of Trustees:

Nick Barnett

1/9/2023

Key Activity Areas:

River Boards

Depending on the relevant River Boards, each activity will set out the parameters for group and use of club equipment. It is a requirement of club membership that all members follow the instructions based on the river conditions.

Buoyancy Aids

A well-fitting buoyancy aid (BA) could, in extreme circumstances, save a life. The wearing of buoyancy aids is not a substitute for taking sensible precautions and assessing risks prior to and during a training session.

In each section below, the relevant requirements for Canoeing, Kayaking and Rowing are laid out.

Club Local Risk Assessments

At the end of this document are the current Falcon local risk assessments covering local activities. These risk assessments do not cover every potential risk on a Falcon activity but cover the main identifiable risk as assessed by Falcon's Rowing, Kayak and Canoe committees.

Please also see https://falconboatclub.org.uk

Defibrillator, First Aid and Emergency Action Plan

- a. The defibrillator (AED) on the bridge side of the club house is linked into the national register 'The Circuit'. If you need to get it out of the sealed box, call 999 and they will give you the code to open the box.
- b. Below is a link to a 4 minute St John's Ambulance video on using an AED.

https://www.sja.org.uk/get-advice/first-aid-advice/how-to/how-to-use-a-defibrillator/

c. The longer 15 minute mobile cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training by BHF (RevivR) is an excellent interactive way to learn CPR quickly.

https://revivr.bhf.org.uk

- d. They would be worth watching if you don't have work-based defibrillator or resus training, it's nothing complex or technical and may well help you in an emergency.
- e. Claire Parker (Rowing WSA) is the registered guardian of the defibrillator, so please do let her know if you see anything amiss with it.

First Aid Kits

Rowers:

- a. Rowers box is in bay 1 on the board by the entrance door. There is a separate bag full of survival space blankets. WSA to undertake checks and replenish monthly. Do not remove from the boat house
- b. For the junior outings, Marshalls have 5 rucksacks with survival blankets and high viz jackets on the cox box cupboard.
- c. Touring outings to take their own first aid kits on longer outings.

Kayakers and Canoeists:

- a. First aid box in the Gym.
- b. Kitchen on first floor

First Aid training

First aid trained members are listed on the club notice boards. This should be updated every 3 years

EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN



Summoning the Emergency Services

In case of serious emergency, phone 999 without delay. (This includes potential cases of hypothermia or loss of consciousness after an accident.)

Consider delegating someone to wait at the access point for services to arrive.

Use the What3Words App (QRoodes ▲) to indicate sites along the river when contacting the services (SEEMAP). Falcon Boat Qub's postal address is: The Falcon Boathouse, Meadow Lane, Oxford OX4 4BJ

(What3Words ref: bossy.quite.event)

Ste

See map for details

App App

What3Words https://what3words.com/

There is a First Aid kit box hanging on the board just inside

the side entrance to bay 1, and in the gymin bay 4 in the

Falcon boathouse. (Most boathouses should include one. if

If you believe someone is having a heart attack, call 999 for

Automated External Defibrillators (AEDs) nearby. They will

an ambulance and inform the operator that there are

AEDs are located at (at least) four points on the Isis:

If there is no effort at breathing, do not try and check for a

pulse, but commence cardiac massage (30 per minute) and

Apply the defibrillator pads and follow the instructions from

First Aid and Defibrillators

they are open.)

provide codes for access.

Cardiac Massage

artificial respiration (2 per minute).

Important locations along the river:

Emergency Access Points Defibrillators (AEDs) 99

Folly Bridge

St Aldate's

University College Boathouse

Defibrillator on front wall (pest.common.oven)

(scrap.wiring.mixed)

for Christchurch Meadows via St Aldates to Boat House Island: upstream docks are most accessible. (patch.frogs.fortune)

> IMPORTANT call Christchurch College Iodge (01865 276150) to alert them to arrival of emergency services

Balliol Boathouse.

4th boathouse from downstream end of Boathouse Island: large red lion rampant on dark blue door

(speech.gums.stocks)

Falcon Boathouse.

Meadow Lane, Oxford OX4 4BJ (bossy.quite.event)

Defibrillator location

(margin.rating.votes)

Donnington A Bridge

If involved in an incident:

Riverside Centre next to main entrance.

Donnington Bridge side (armed.split.bunks)

(places.square.fine)

via Abinodon Rd access next to hotel (peanut.lowest.prefer)

Longbridges Boathouses

Abingdon

Road

Oxford Spires Hotel

(glee.raced.slick)

via the gate on Donnington Bridge Rd (vision.item.smart)

Taking charge

Where possible, the relevant squad or crew coach shall take charge of and coordinate any incident. Other members present should make themselves available to assist on request rather than acting independently. Noone should leave the site of an incident until it is resolved, unless they are asked to do so (e.g. to fetch help)

In the event of FIREat the boat house

Upon discovering a fire or suspecting one is imminent (e.g. smoke from an unknown source), press the nearest fire alarm and evacuate the building, directing people to the car park on Meadow Lane. Call 999 and contact the fire brigade. Do not

the AED

attempt to address the fire yourself if that might endanger yourself or any others. Account for all evacuees and inform the fire brigade of this on their arrival. Fire extinguishers are located as follows: A On the ground floor: River end bays 1 and 3, back of bay 2. B. On the first floor.

Report it to:

1) Canoeing: https://www.britishcanoeing.org.uk/guidance-resources/safety-1/incident-reporting 2) Rowing: https://inaidentreporting.britishrowing.org/

v

In the event of a rowing capsize

Medical Emergency on the Water

or bystander to call 999, if necessary.

Raise the alarm immediately, asking another crew

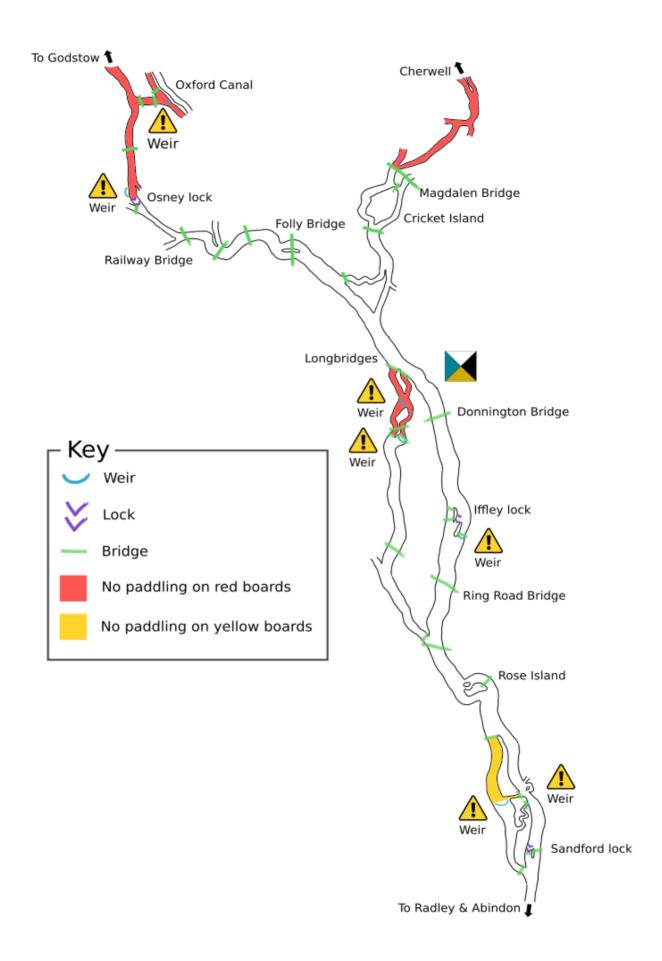
Determine the nearest and most accessible site to

aim for (see map →) and communicate that to the

(Not much first aid can be provided on the water.)

Emergency Services (What3Words-see above).

- Stay with the boat (it is your main buoyancy aid) and swim it (either righted or still upside down) to the nearest point where you can review the
- If it is cold, keep as much of your body out of the water as you can (straddle or drape yourself over the hull).
- If there is more than one person in the water, stay together and account for everyone.
- Call on other crews, coaches or launches to support any rescue and recovery.



Falcon Boat Club: Kayaking

Section 1: Club activity, and the use of club and private equipment

1. Club Activity

- a. Club activity is defined as:
 - i. Sessions advertised on the club training schedule or bookings sheet.
 - ii. Coaching courses advertised on the club website.
 - iii. Organised events/sessions arranged by a qualified club coach for specific external groups (e.g. for scouts/cubs, disability groups, friends/family).
 - iv. Additional sessions led by a qualified club coach that is widely advertised to appropriate club members (e.g. via the club Facebook page, Teamer or club membership email list).
- b. Club activity does not have to be run by a qualified coach. The club may determine that a club member is suitably experienced, safe and competent to lead a particular group.
- c. The coach or leader of a group during club activity is responsible for determining whether and where their group paddles during each session.
- d. When the Environment Agency is displaying strong stream warning ("red boards") on either the Osney-Iffley or Godstow-Osney stretches of the Thames then no club activity may occur upstream of Osney lock on the Thames or upstream of Magdalen Bridge on the Cherwell.

2. Use of Club Equipment

- a. Club equipment is primarily for use during club activity and races. These take precedence over non-club activity.
- Boats may not be taken away from Falcon without permission of the Kayak Captain, Lead Coach, Water Safety Officer or Club President. This will only be permitted for a short period of time,
 e.g. to do an event or race outside of typical club events.
- c. Club equipment may be used outside of club sessions only by club members in marathon
 divisions 1-6 when the Environment Agency is showing no stream warnings
 (http://riverconditions.environment-agency.gov.uk/) and following the rules shown in Table 1
- d. Anyone else wanting to use club equipment outside of club sessions must ask for specific permission prior to using the equipment, from the club chairman, lead coach or kayak captain or designated Canoe coach.
- e. Club members may not take friends / family members out in club equipment

3. Use of Private Equipment

- a. The club does not restrict adult club members' use of their privately owned equipment, providing that they act in a manner which does not bring Falcon into disrepute.
- b. We recommend that paddlers familiarise themselves with the club's local water risk assessment
- c. Junior members may only use their own equipment outside of club activity if they are under direct supervision of their parent(s). In exceptional circumstances, there may be written agreement between the club and a junior's parents to permit them to use their own equipment outside of club activity and without their parent's supervision.

Table 1: Restrictions applying to the use of club equipment outside of club activity.

Age group	Marathon division	NO stream warnings	YELLOW boards	RED Boards		
Seniors	1-6	 Minimum group size of 3 British Canoeing and Falcon membership held 	of 3 lead coach or kayak captain British Canoeing <u>and</u> Falcon membership			
Seniors	7-9 or unranked	Only with specific permission from club chairman, lead coach or kayak captain				
Juniors	all	Only with specific permission from club chairman, lead coach or kayak captain				

4. Kayaking Buoyancy Aid Policy

Introduction

As a racing club, we are committed to preparing athletes for racing at the top level of our sport (where BAs are not worn) in a safe environment.

- a) The default position is that all paddlers should wear BAs except in certain circumstances, detailed below for juniors and seniors.
- b) During club activity, the coach or session leader has the right to insist that any paddler wears a BA, and that paddler may not take part in the session if they refuse.
- c) BAs must be worn by all paddlers in club sessions, regardless of age or ability if:
 - The Environment Agency (EA) is displaying red boards on the stretch of water that the training session is taking place on. http://riverconditions.environment-agency.gov.uk/
 - The paddler has a history of a medical condition which could reduce their ability to self-rescue/be rescued in the event of a capsize (e.g., epilepsy)
- **d) During club activity**, the coach or session leader may decide that some/all paddlers in the session do not need to wear BAs, provided they have considered all of the following factors:
 - the ability & stability of each paddler in their boat.
 - the river conditions (flow conditions, water temperature, ease of exit from waterway in event of capsize)
 - the weather conditions (temperature, wind speed & directions, rain/hail/snow)
 - the light conditions (i.e. is it currently dark or likely to get dark during the session)
 - the type of session planned (distance to be travelled from club, how close coach will be to group)
 - the group dynamics (number and ability of paddlers in group, range of ability in group, presence of other coaches within group, how well the coach knows each paddler)

e) Additional rules for Juniors (any paddler aged under 18)

- In addition to the considerations and rules applying to all paddlers, the coach decide that a junior does not need to wear a BA in a session providing that:
 - their parent has agreed in writing that they are happy for coaches to make the decision as to whether they should be worn.

- o the junior is ranked in at marathon division 6 or better.
- During club timetrials, all juniors must wear BAs unless:
 - o their parent and coach have agreed in writing that the junior does not need to.
 - o the junior is ranked in at marathon division 4 or better

f) Racing

The rules for BAs for that race must be abided to by all Falcon paddlers. A coach or parent may insist that a junior ranked in division 6 or quicker wears a BA (where this is not mandatory in the race rules) if the junior's experience or the race/weather/river conditions deem this appropriate.

- g) During non-club activity, the club recommends that all paddlers wear BAs, especially in these circumstances:
 - when paddling alone / in pairs
 - when the EA red or yellow boards are showing on the stretch of river on which the session takes place
 - when paddling in the dark
 - in cold/windy conditions

5.) Safety Standard: Club Equipment, Broken Boats and Incident Reporting

- a.) Falcon will ensure that there are facilities for members to report broken or damaged kayaks for repair.
- b.) It is the responsibilities of coaches and members to report incidents via the British Canoeing online incident report form:
 https://www.britishcanoeing.org.uk/go-canoeing/access-and-environment/access-to-water/incident-reporting
- c.) Falcon will ensure that all Club owned buoyancy aids receive an annual safety inspection.

Section 2: Criteria for Kayak & Canoeing Coaching

- a.) Those leading Falcon kayak or canoe activity will usually have a British Canoeing (BC) coaching or leadership qualification. Occasionally, the Lead Coach for kayak or canoe may agree that an experienced paddler may lead sessions. In this case, the type of group and any limitations on conditions must be recorded here: https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1W25C6AYJqx6-V-ZOojsoFd4VhQinn7 93iRH oXYzM/edit?usp=sharing
- b.) BC coaching or leadership awards define the environment in which that coach/leader may practise. Falcon's local water will in most circumstances be classed as very sheltered water, but this would rise to sheltered water when the Environment Agency (EA) yellow boards are showing and moderate water on red boards.
- c.) Since the environmental conditions are only some of the factors which determine whether a session can safely proceed, Falcon permits its coaches and leaders to operate outside of the remit of their BC qualification where they have fully considered all the risk factors related to the session. This risk assessment should be carried out prior to, and dynamically during, every session as part of the coaching process. It does not need to be physically recorded, but is mental exercise.

- d.) All coaches and leaders must be familiar with the local water risk assessment and buoyancy aid policy. They must be aware before the session what the river conditions are using the EA's board system, with the University's flag system providing additional information. The flags are displayed on the front page of the Falcon website, with a link to the EA boards.
- e.) Coaches/leaders should remember that they are responsible for the safety of all paddler within their group.

The coach/leader should decide:

- If to paddle ("if in doubt, don't go out")
- Where to paddle
- What to paddle (craft, session)

Taking into account the following criteria:

- their own confidence and ability in the prevailing conditions
- ability & stability of each paddler in their boat
- river conditions (current speed & smoothness, ease of exit from waterway in event of capsize)
- water temperature, given that sudden submersion in very cold water can be dangerous
- weather conditions (temperature, wind speed & directions, rain/hail/snow)
- light conditions (i.e., is it currently dark or likely to get dark during the session)
- type of session planned (distance to be travelled from club, how close coach will be to group)
- group dynamics (number and ability of paddlers in group, range of ability in group, presence of other coaches within group, how well you know each paddler)
- f.) The Falcon Kayak and Canoe committee has the authority to approve/reject coaching status as delegated by the Board of Trustee's.
- g.) All coaches are required to undertake DBS enhanced check and complete at least Safeguarding Level 1 training. The level of involvement in Junior coaching may determine a high level of training required.
- h.) Coaches are required to hold an active first-aid certificate.
- i.) As defined on a case-by-case by the Kayaking committee, sufficiently experienced individuals can run session as coaches.
- j.) Falcon Kayak and Canoe committee reserves the right to remove coach status.

Falcon Boat Club: Canoeing

Falcon Boat Club prides itself on being an inclusive club where possible offering paddle sports opportunities for all. If we cannot meet your needs we will endeavour to seek the support of British Canoeing and their Paddle-Ability specialists to signpost you to the nearest club or water sports provider that may be able to meet your needs.

General Principle: Before commencing any journey or activity and to ensure the safety and wellbeing of all, coaches, leaders and paddlers should confirm that all reasonable preparations, safety considerations and necessary resources are in place for the proposed activity, for the prevailing conditions and the forecast conditions.

Section 1: Canoe Club activity, and the use of club and private equipment

1. Club activity

- a. Club activity is defined as:
 - Sessions advertised on the Canoe WhatsApp group, club training schedule or bookings sheet
 - ii. Coaching courses advertised on the club website.
 - iii. Organised events/sessions arranged by a qualified club coach for specific external groups (e.g., for scouts/cubs, disability groups, friends/family).
 - iv. Additional sessions led by a qualified club coach that is widely advertised to appropriate club members (e.g., via the club Facebook page, Canoe WhatsApp group or club membership email list).
- b. Club activity does not have to be run by a qualified coach. The club may determine that a club member is suitably experienced, safe and competent to lead a particular group.
- c. The coach or leader of a group during club activity is responsible for determining whether and where their group paddles during each session.
- d. When the Environment Agency is displaying strong stream warning ("red boards") on either the Osney-Iffley or Godstow-Osney stretches of the Thames then no club activity may occur upstream of Osney lock on the Thames or upstream of Magdalen Bridge on the Cherwell.
- e. If any part of the canoe section club activity will take place in reduced visibility or darkness all boats must be correctly lit with two white lights, one on the bow and one on the stern.
- f. Coaches reserve the right to accept or rejected attendees on activities based on suitability of conditions and experience / suitability of the participant(s).

2. Canoeing Buoyancy Aids

a.) All canoe group paddlers must wear BAs during canoe group club sessions and on peer paddles. During club activity, the coach or session leader has the right to insist that any paddler wears a BA, and that paddler may not take part in the session if they refuse.

3. Use of Club Equipment

- a. Club equipment is primarily for use during club activities. These take precedence over non-club activity.
- b. Boats may not be taken away from Falcon without the permission of a level 2 or above canoe coach or a level 4 or above canoe leader. This will only be permitted for a short period of time, e.g., to take part in an event outside of typical club events.

- c. Canoe section members who have Explore Award or equivalent or above can arrange peer paddling sessions using club equipment. These sessions are NOT club activity and are marked on the booking system accordingly, see guidance below.
- d. Falcon will ensure that Canoes are safety checked through rescue training/yearly.
- e. If private boats are used for club activity, the coach will ensure the boat is to standard.

4. Use of Private Equipment

- a. The club does not restrict non-beginner adult canoe group members' use of their privatelyowned equipment, provided that they act in a manner which does not bring Falcon into disrepute.
- b. We recommend that paddlers familiarise themselves with the club's local water risk assessment
- c. Paddlers who are beginners (up to explore level) may be able to store their privately-owned equipment at the club but should only use it for club activity

5. Guidance for canoe group members who have Explore Award or equivalent or above arranging non club activity sessions using club equipment

- a. The online booking system / spreadsheet can be used for canoe group members who have Explore Award or equivalent or above to arrange group paddling sessions using club equipment. These sessions are NOT club activity and are marked on the booking system accordingly. Please see Table 2 for restrictions. All members of the peer group must
 - i. Have Explore Award or above
 - ii. Hold British Canoeing On-the -Water Membership
 - iii. Wear a correctly fitted buoyancy aid
 - iv. Ensure they complete the online booking system / spreadsheet

Table 2: Canoe Restrictions applying to the use of club equipment outside of club activity.

Age group	Level	NO stream warnings	YELLOW boards and/or strong stream through Magdalen Bridge on the Cherwell	RED Boards
Adults	Explore award or equivalent or above	 Minimum group size 2 canoes in good weather conditions Minimum group size 3 canoes in moderate weather conditions If any part of the activity will take place in reduced visibility or darkness boats must be correctly lit with two white lights, one on the bow and one on the stern 	Only with specific permission from or lead coach	m water safety officer

Ac	dults	Up to and including Discover award	No alub aquipment to be	No club oquipment to be used	No club equipment to	
Ju	niors	Active paddlers and those not actively paddling	No club equipment to be used outside of club activity	No club equipment to be used outside of club activity	be used outside of club activity	

6. Falcon Boat Club Approved Partnership Working with other British Canoeing Paddlesports Clubs (e.g., Oxford Canoe and Kayak Club)

Approval by Falcon Boat Club for paddlers from other British Canoeing Paddlesports Clubs joining Falcon Boat Club groups:

a.) Falcon Boat Club welcomes members of other British Canoeing Affiliated Paddlesports Clubs joining approved Falcon paddlesports activities as long as their attendance is agreed by Falcon Boat Club in advance of the activity, complies with Falcon Boat Club rules, regulations and risk assessments, they have full British Canoeing On-The-Water Membership as well as the required skills and experience for the proposed activity and conditions.

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Falcon Boat Club: Rowing

Please also see https://falconboatclub.org.uk/rowing

Section 1: joining the Club, Club activity, and the use of club and private equipment

1. Joining the club - all are welcome!

- a. New non-rowing potential members should join an adult learn to row course (https://oxfordrowcoach.co.uk/learn-to-row/beginner-course-overview) or Junior learn to row course https://falconboatclub.org.uk/juniorrowing
- b. New members with previous rowing experience are very welcome and should contact the vice-captain. vicecaptainrowingfrcc@gmail.com
- c. Complete membership application form on https://falconboatclub.org.uk
- d. All members are encouraged to join British Rowing (www.britishrowing.org.uk) and read the BR safety guidance RowSafe https://www.britishrowing.org/about-us/policies-guidance/rowsafe/

2. Club Outings

- a. Club activity is broad and aims to cater for all interests.
- Regular club outings for 18+ occur on Saturday and Sunday mornings all year and Tuesday and Thursday evenings in the summer. These are open to all and includes sweep oar and sculling outings.
- II. Other groups include Development squads for men and women, Junior squad, touring rowing group, and independent adult rowers. All have squad leaders / captains. Many take part in races or events throughout the year.
- III. Sign up for club outings on www.frc.squadlist.co.uk or https://frc.squadlist.app
 - b. Club activity does not have to be run by a qualified coach. The club may determine that a club member is suitably experienced, safe and competent to lead a particular group.
 - c. The coach or leader of a group during club activity or individual independent rowers are responsible for determining outing plans. Factors that may change and affect the session include the following.
- I. coach/session leader's own confidence and ability in the prevailing conditions
- II. the ability, experience and skill levels of the crews / coxes in their respective boats
- III. the river conditions (current speed & smoothness, ease of exit from waterway in event of capsize)
- IV. the water temperature, given that sudden submersion in very cold water can be dangerous.
- V. the weather conditions (temperature, wind speed & directions, rain/hail/snow, lightning).
- VI. the visibility and light conditions (i.e. is it currently dark or likely to get dark during the session, is there fog)

- VII. the type of session planned (distance to be travelled from club, level of supervision etc)
- VIII. the group dynamics (number crews / boats, range of ability, presence of other coaches)
 - d. Junior outings have specific guidelines for parent marshals. (See doc from junior coach and on website).
 - I. Aim is to have parents situated at four key positions along the bank providing safety cover. Parents are positioned at Falcon Boat house, The Gut, Isis Boathouse and Far end of Boat house Island (tow path side). Coaches are also on bikes and or safety launch as and when utilised.
 - II. Safety rucksacks for parents are in the club house on the cox box cupboard bay 1. Parents should be equipped with high viz tabards, foil blankets, and walkie-talkie radios to connect them to the coach/es.

3. Use of Club Equipment

- a. Club equipment is primarily for use during club activity and races. These take precedence over non-club activity.
- b. Boats may not be taken away from Falcon without permission of the Captain or Lead Coach. This will be only be permitted for a short period of time, e.g. to do an event or race outside of typical club events.
- c. Anyone wanting to use club equipment outside of club outings should book on the boat booking spreadsheet which is sent out by email to all members on Friday afternoon. Some boats are restricted to experienced rowers by captain's permission only. This is clear on the boat booking spreadsheet. Also visible on https://falconboatclub.org.uk/rowing/links
- d. Club members may occasionally take friends / family members out in club equipment. Please see the club webstie for details. In particular the captain must be informed beforehand. https://falconboatclub.org.uk/node/615#Guests%20at%20Falcon%20?
- e. Indoor rowing machines (Ergs Concept 2 and RP3) may be used see guidelines in clubhouse by the machines. They are booked using the boat booking spreadsheet above.
- f. The club gym may be used by adults and supervised juniors once you have undergone gym induction (contact rowing.captain.falcon@gmail.com) and consent form.

4. Use of Private Equipment

- a. Private equipment may be stored in the club for a fee (see membership application form) and must be insured by the owner.
- b. The club does not restrict adult club members' use of their privately owned equipment, providing that they act in a manner which does not bring Falcon into disrepute.
- c. We recommend that rowers using their own equipment follow the guidelines here and also as outlined in the club's local water risk assessment (see rowing appendices)

5. Racing and external events

- a. The club trailer can be booked to take boats to races and other events. Contact vicecaptainrowingfrcc@gmail.com .
- b. Race entry is coordinated by squad coaches / captains and submitted by the club vice captain. vicecaptainrowingfrcc@gmail.com

Section 2: Practical issues for outings.

1. Swimming, Buoyancy Aids and Life Jackets, Capsize

- a) All active rowing members confirm on applying for membership whether they are:
 'a competent swimmer and able to swim at least 50 meters in light clothing, treat water for at least 2 minutes and swim under water for at least 5 meters.'
- **b)** Participants unable to comply with the above swimming requirement must wear appropriate buoyancy aids.
- c) Coxes to wear lifejackets at all times
- d) All club members to complete a formal capsize drill training and assessment within 6 months of joining the club if not already completed. Courses are available from Oxford University Rowing Club (<u>sabbatical@ourcs.co.uk</u>). Please Inform the WSA on completion of the test: rowing.safety@falconboatclub.org.uk
- e) In the event of capsize, stay with the boat. Get onto upturned boat as a floatation aid and to reduce hypothermia. Get back in boat if possible. Move with boat to the side of the river. Alert others, lifebelt or throw line can be thrown from bank if needed. Return to boat house, provide a warm drink. See Emergency Action Plan below.
- f) Survival blankets available at boathouse along with a first aid kit are on the maintenance equipment board at the river end of Bay 1 of the boathouse.
- **g)** Marshalls for junior squad outings have designated rucksacks with high viz jackets, survival blankets and water along with walkie- talkies linking to the coach.

2. Clothing and equipment to bring on an outing

- a) Clothing should be appropriate to the prevailing weather conditions. Particularly for coxes.
- b) Wear High Visibility clothing, especially coxes and single sculls and Bow-steers.
- c) Do not wear clothing that could impede recovery in event of capsize eg Dryrobes denims, jeans.
- d) Do not wear Hoodies when rowing or sculling as thumbs can catch in pocket. Hoodies can be turned inside out if no other option.
- e) Long hair should be tied up in plaits / a bun to avoid getting trapped in equipment particularly in a capsize.
- f) Spare clothing to be brought for all outings, throughout the year however warm the weather.
- g) Bring a bottle of water to all sessions, as well as sun cream / sun hat for hot weather

3. Health issues

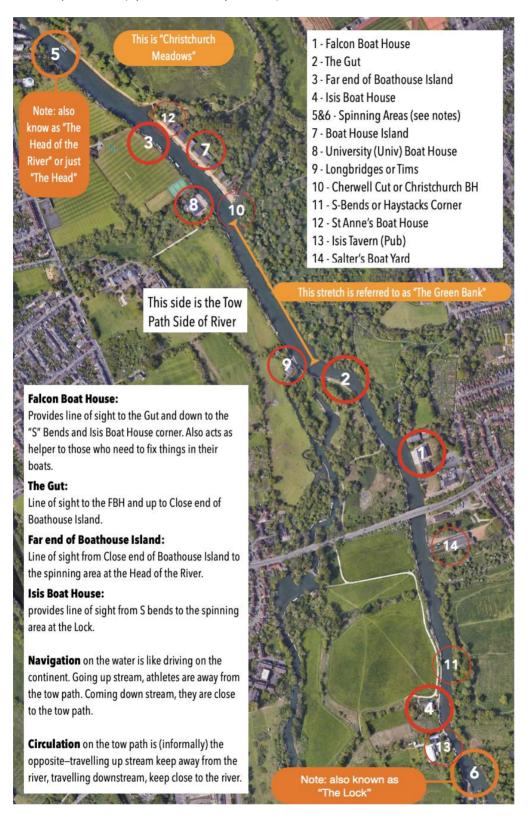
- a) Rowing is a sport which requires at least a basic level of fitness. **Ensure your coach understands your fitness levels and capabilities as well as any health issues.** Members should work to improve fitness levels.
- b) Cover cuts with waterproof dressings. Wash your hands soon after rowing and avoid rubbing eyes or eating finger foods until you have done so.
- c) Infections: Members should not attend training or competition if they have an infectious illness.
 Members should not return to training until fully recovered.
- d) Epilepsy: Members with epilepsy should make coach aware. (see risk assessment below)
- e) Asthma: Members with asthma should always take prescribed inhaler before exercise. Carry inhaler in the boat in a drybag. Minimise exercise with upper respiratory tract infection.
- f) Heart: Members with significant cardiac conditions should only row following medical advice.
- g) Diabetes: Members with diabetes to ensure that they have eaten and taken appropriate medication before outing. Take high glucose content food / drink on outing to treat hypo if needed.
- h) Members should be aware of waterborne disease such as Weil's disease, gastroenteritis, and the general signs and symptoms of the disease.

4. Handling boats in the boat house

- a) Ensure you have been informed about correct techniques for handling boats by your coach/cox. Crews should carry boats with even numbers on each side unless placing boat onto or lifting from the water.
- b) High level small boats to be accessed in the boat house with care. Use the red step ladders in bay 1, placed on a firm concrete surface only.
- c) Do not run in the boathouse, take care when moving boats and blades, do not leave equipment in the way of others. Slide the boat rests back into position after large boats have been taken out.
- d) Leave oars on the ground outside, not against the wall. Return to the correct rack after the outing.
- e) Don't leave boats unattended on trestles in strong winds.
- f) Before going out check for function of and any damage to boat hulls, rudders, riggers, bow balls, stretchers, shoes, heel restraints, hatch covers.
- g) Ensure you use the correct method of getting into and out of boat. Hold land side rigger down when other crew are getting in /out to avoid capsize
- h) Ensure gates, fixing screws and nuts on stretchers are positioned correctly and checked for tightness before and periodically during outings. Coxes to remind crews.
- i) On returning from your outing, prior to storing your boat, clean the runners, wash down the hull (and inside if dirty).
- j) Replace the half tennis balls on rigger gates before storing boats.

6. On the river: Navigation Plan

a) Follow rules of the river and local navigation plan. A circulation pattern that has been agreed with all water users: row on the right hand side of the river (in the direction of travel). See navigation plan below (by Nick Kenworthy-Browne).



b) Particular care should be taken when **rowing through the gut.** Avoid overtaking other boats and rowing at speed through this section of river. There are many overhanging trees as well as tight bends.

- c) Coxes, scullers and bow-steers to warn other crews / boats they see approaching them. Bow-steers/scullers should consider using head mounted mirrors or similar.
- d) Crews should keep to the correct side of the river and remain alert for kayaks/canoes. Paddlers have less need to watch behind them whereas rowers depend on it. Be aware that paddlers are more manoeuvrable and they may use the "wrong" side of the river at times.
- e) Keep away from weirs and locks if not intended to pass through the lock. In particular spinning at Iffley lock should be just beyond or at Isis Farmhouse. In fast flow conditions, spinning should be at Haystacks.
- f) If intending to pass through locks: Learn the mechanisms of lock usage
 - I. How to manage and use locks (parking up, entering and exiting lock etc)
 - II. How to order the fill / empty cycle by use of the sluices and gates
 - III. How to safely hold /ship oars in locks, avoid oars / boat getting caught on steps or chains.
 - **IV.** Learn how to stop at the high pontoons adjacent to locks, pulling blade handle back and blade forward whilst leaning out on the pontoon side
 - **V.** Use ropes and boat hooks to hold onto pontoon.
 - **VI.** Learn about the drift towards a weir, how to take wind and stream into account sometimes beneficially to hold position near a lock
- g) Be aware of the dangers associated with overhanging trees and the danger of trees falling into the river. There is an injury and collision risk.
- h) Beware of the dangers of getting too close and disturbing wild animals such as swans and geese.

7. River and Weather conditions and Risk Assessment (& Rowing Appendix)

a) River flow rate: flags & boards

The Oxford University rowing clubs (OURCs) use their flag system. This can be found on the Falcon website. https://falconboatclub.org.uk The colours in ascending order of fast flow are: Green - Blue - Amber - Red - Doom. There are 2 sections of river which are allocated their own flag status: the Isis (Folly bridge to Iffley lock) and Godstow (Godstow lock to Rainbow bridge). This system is active during university term time only. Outside of university time, estimated river flags can be found on http://eodg.atm.ox.ac.uk/user/dudhia/rowing/river.html

The Environment Agency use a board system. This can be found on their website, with a link from FBC website: http://riverconditions.environment-agency.gov.uk/ There are 3 levels: no stream warning, yellow boards (stream increasing/decreasing) and red board (strong stream). They cover all the navigable Thames - the sections of interest to us are mainly Osney-Iffley, Iffley-Sandford and Osney to Godstow.

The Rowing section proposes a set of Guidelines to restrict the rowers that may access the water, using club equipment, under the different (OURC) flag conditions.

IF IN DOUBT DON'T GO OUT!

For **ADULT** rowers these are

Green flag: all rowers and boat classes with suitable permissions and supervision **Blue flag**: all experienced rowers and any crews coxed or bow-steered by experienced persons **Amber flag**: no coxless boats without prior permission from a suitable risk assessor - i.e.

probably limited to experienced crews of a competitive standard

Red flag: dependent on dynamic risk assessment, no rowing except in circumstances of very high competence / experience and low river traffic *and only with prior permission of a suitable risk assessor*.

Black flag: No rowing under any circumstances,

Suitable risk assessors

Senior Coaches (John Hill, Jeff Bethray, Nick Kenworthy-Browne) rowing Captain, Vice Captain.

For JUNIOR rowers, see detailed guidelines on outings and flags - see Rowing Appendix

b) Strong winds / choppy water

- a. Follow met office guidance and avoid rowing in extreme weather
- b. Use larger boats (eg 2x rather than 1x), Use more stable boats
- c. Bank riders to carry throw ropes.
- d. Use bailer/sponge to prevent water accumulation

c) Low temperatures:

- a. Check water temperature if air <8 degrees. (eg https://dl1.findlays.net/show/temp/thames1
- b. If Water temperature 3-8 degrees **Amber flag rules apply.** Single scullers advised to **buddy up.**
- c. if <3 degree water temperature. No lone single scullers
- d. Avoid rowing if ice on the river. (Black flag rules apply)

d) Lightning:

- a. Avoid rowing if lightning present or forecast.
- b. **If lightning occurs: Black flag rules apply.** If already on the water, leave the water immediately and seek shelter in a suitable building (not necessarily your home boathouse), if available.
- c. Do not return to the water until at least 30mins has passed without thunder or lightning flashes.

e) Low visibility:

- a. Lights to be attached to boat in poor light conditions to aid location of the boat.
- b. if both lifebelts (in the Gut and below Donnington Bridge) not visible from hard, **Black** flag applies. No rowing

Section 3: Criteria for Rowing Coxing, Bow steering and Coaching

1. Coxing and Bow-steering competency

Cox and bowsteers to be assessed by senior club coaches / officials before being signed off to undertake unsupervised outings. See criteria below. Assessments should be recorded on https://forms.gle/gcUWtbtwvsmm125V9

Kezia Hobson, club lead cox will maintain the list of assessed coxes / bow steers.

Competence Steering Level	Notes		
Evidence			
Club / Bronze			
Handling a boat	- from racks, trestles, to water etc		
Boat checks (with crew)	- knowing which parts require checks		
Water safety (basic requirements)	- life jackets, flag conditions, risk assessment criteria etc		
Crew management (incl. launching + landing)	 handling boat to and from the water, using correct terminology for crew standard 		
Local navigation rules (incl OURCs)	- rights of way, spinning points (flag status dependent)		
Following a course	- keeping to the correct side etc		
Avoiding obstacles / traffic	- trying to keep the boat moving		
Awareness of external factors (current / stream / weather conditions)	 e.g., maintaining a position; impact of run-off under Longbridges 		
Spinning effectively (base conditions)	 clearing your lane and arriving in the right place, pointing in the right direction 		
Landing safely	- slow and accurate		
Clear calls (propulsion / manoeuvring)	- using correct calls to achieve required outcomes incl stopping		
Basic rowing technique	- timing, squaring, depth		
Timing of commands	- giving half of a stroke cycle before the command applies		
Touring Specific Bronze			
Negotiating locks	- understanding the process and how to approach, park up, pack together within and pass through a lock		
Landing against higher mooring levels	- "shipping oars" or otherwise parking up against a landing stage set higher than the boat		
Development / Silver			
Following a simple outing programme	- conforming to a general brief on session content		
Take account of crew's skill levels	- check extent of responses to some advanced commands (e.g. "Hold it lightly")		
Reading the river / anticipating and reacting	- taking account of other crews activities and intentions to reduce interruptions to your own crew		
Use of stream	- taking account of stream patterns to improve line; using ferry-glide effect etc		
Reducing use of rudder	- minor adjustments when blades in the water etc		
Advanced rowing technique	- prompting technical points to improve crew coordination and propulsion		
Touring Specific Silver			
Managing a touring crew	- acting as Crew Captain (additional criteria to be advised)		

Competitive/Gold	
Spinning effectively (challenging conditions*)	- e.g. reverse spinning when appropriate (* = high stream, heavy traffic etc)
Following and adapting a complex outing plan	- understanding the purpose of a session plan and adapting to the conditions, where necessary
Rules of competition	- read and understand some rules of racing
Choosing a racing line	 use or take account of current and conditions to optimise your racing course
Attaching to a stake boat / starting stage	- attach safely and then adjust direction, according to any side winds
Motivating crews	- know your crew and what they respond to; have a list of useful, relevant calls
Tactical responses	- e.g. take advantage of your racing line or concede position, as appropriate

ASSESSMENTS:

- to be carried out by senior coaches/coxes with appropriate coxing experience (i.e. at or above the level being assessed)

COXING

Assessments can be extended over multiple sessions to allow different conditions and content to be observed Ideally, a first session in the tank allows calls and timing to be practised in controlled conditions

First outings will be with a responsible, experienced stroke before being supervised remotely

The Red Kites provide an ideal starting point for new coxes (but fine boats could be used with suitable crew competences)

Content and therefore the level of responsibility will be determined by the boat type and the competence of the crew

BOWSTEERS

Assessments can be extended over multiple sessions to allow different conditions and content to be observed First outings will be with a responsible, experienced bowsteers in the #2 seat before being supervised remotely Content and therefore the level of responsibility will be determined by the boat type and the competence of the crew

Consideration of the competence level of the crew is more important in bowsteering situations

2. Coaching

- a. Coaches (paid or volunteer) are encouraged to register as coaches with British Rowing (BR)
- b. Coaching qualifications should be appropriate for the prevailing conditions (including ideally first aid award for coaches)
- Assistant coaches to be designated by senior coaches following appropriate instruction.

3. Use of the club launch.

- a. A key requirement is that anyone using the launch must have their RYA2 certificate.
- b. Use of the club launch is detailed on the website FAQ page. https://falconboatclub.org.uk/node/615

Section 4: Safety Standard: Club Equipment, Broken Boats and Incident Reporting

- 1. Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed. (See club notice board for details)
- 2. It is the responsibilities of coaches and members to report incidents to the Club Rowing Safety Adviser by email rowing.safety@falconboatclub.org.uk and to British Rowing online: https://incidentreporting.britishrowing.org/
- 3. Falcon boat manager will ensure that all Club owned buoyancy aids and life jackets receive an annual safety inspection.
- 4. The first aid kit will be checked monthly and refilled by the water safety advisor.

Rowing Appendices Water Safety Poster & Junior Rowing Flag Table

Water Safety for Rowers







GREEN FLAG

all rowers and boat classes with suitable permissions and supervision

BLUE FLAG

all experienced rowers and any crews coxed or bow-steered by experienced persons

AMBER FLAG

no coxless boats without prior permission from a suitable risk assessor i.e. probably limited to experienced crews of a competitive standard

RED FLAG

dependent on dynamic risk assessment, no rowing except in circumstances of very high competence / experience and low river traffic and only ith prior permission of a suitable risk assessor.

BLACK FLAG

no rowing under any circumstances

FIND THE FLAG





Scan Me

OURCs Flag Status



EA River Conditions



Scan Me

ANU's River Flow



Scan Me



WEATHER RISKS







Water Temperatures

between 3° and 8° C Amber flag rules apply, single cullers should try to buddy up

Below 3° C water temperature no scullers out on their

CE ICE

If there is thin ice on the water-i.e. it melts in the hand: Red Flag rules apply.

If there is thick ice on the water -i.e. it can be picked up: Black Flag rules apply.

Fog/poor Visibility

Wear high viz, use boat lights.

If both lifebelts (the Gut and below Donnington Bridge) are not visible from the hard, DO NOT GO OUT

Lightening

Black flag rules apply.

If already on the water, leave the water immediately and seek shelter in a suitable building (not necessarily your home boathouse), if available. Do not return to the water until at least 30mins has passed without thunder or lightning flashes.

mperature

at Shiplake

Scan Me

Suitable risk assessors include:

Senior Coaches: John Hill, Jeff Bethray, Nick Kenworthy-Browne (also for juniors), and rowing Captain and Vice-Captain.

Guidance outlined above is strongly advised for users of private equipment, but for all club equipment it is mandatory.

WHEN IN DOUBT, DON'T GO OUT!

Flag Status Boating Rules: Juniors

D 7430		The below criteria details the boating and boat use rules for the Junior Section in the different river conditions/flag statuses. ALL decisions are at the Coaches' discretion, and the Lead Coach present has final say. When in doubt, don't go out!							has final say.
OURCs FLAG STATUS	EA BOARD STATUS	EXPERIENCE LEVEL	1x	2x/2- Note: If used, 2-shells are for 15 and older only	4x-/4- Note: If used, 4- shells are for 15 and older only	4x+	4+ Note: If used, 4+ shells are for 15 and older only	8x+	8+ Note: If used, 8+ shells are fo 15 and older only
GREEN FLAG AND LIGHT BLUE FLAG. If conditions worsen, consider the next level of flag even if not updated on the web sites.		Beginner/s any age	Only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	No 4 4x- only with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover. (Listed should sweep become an option for Falcon in the future.)	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restriction as a novice cox which is only unde supervision of a coach/marshal/seni member on bank cover or launch cover. (Listed should sweep become an option for Falcon in the future.)
	GREEN FLAG	Experience d J12-J15	Only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover OR in buddy system with appropriate line of sight cover in place.	Only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	4x- only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	NOT PERMITTED	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	NOT PERMITTED
	A11	Mixed crews	N/A	Only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Either shell only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover. (Listed should sweep become an option for Falcon in the future.)	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox experienced, but not a coach, ther only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restriction as a novice cox which is only unde supervision of a coach/marshal/sen member on bank cover or launch cover. (Listed should sweep become an option for Falcon in the future.)
		Experience d J16-J18	Only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover OR in buddy system with appropriate line of sight cover in place.	Only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or	Only when line of sight cover is in place and then with either a coach steering OR an experienced steersperson signed off by one of the Coaches, Captains, or Water Safety Officer. If steersperson is inexperienced, then only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox is experienced, but not a coach, then only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restrictions as a novice cox which is only under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	If the cox is a coach, then no additional requirements. If the cox experienced, but not a coach, ther only when line of sight cover is in place OR under the same restriction as a novice cox which is only unde supervision of a coach/marshal/sen member on bank cover or launch cover.

Flag Status Boating Rules: Juniors

			The below criteria deta	ails the boating and boat use rule	s for the Junior Section in the differ V	ent river conditions/flag statuses. A When in doubt, don't go out!	LL decisions are at the Coaches' disc	retion, and the Lead Coach present	has final say.
OURCs FLAG STATUS	EA BOARD STATUS	EXPERIENCE LEVEL	1x	2x/2- Note: If used, 2-shells are for 15 and older only	4x-/4- Note: If used, 4- shells are for 15 and older only	4x+	4+ Note: If used, 4+ shells are for 15 and older only	8x+	8+ Note: If used, 8+ shells are for 15 and older only
				AMBER FLAG = Restricted	use for all Falcon Members.	Juniors have reduced dista	nce spinning no lower than t	he Isis Boat House.	
		Beginner/s any age and J12-J13	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED J12 & J13 see mixed crews	NOT PERMITTED
DEHECTURE BAD BAD BAD BAD BARK BLUE AND AMBER FLAG WITH	GREEN FLAG WITH BAD CONDITIONS* OR AMBER FLAG	J14-J15	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	No 4- 4x- only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved /experienced steersperson.	Only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved / experienced cox	Only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved / experienced cox	Only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved / experienced cox	NOT PERMITTED
STABLE CONDITIONS *Bad Conditions =	*Bad Conditions = Anything that further increases risk,	Experienced J12-J15 paired or mixed with exp. J16+	N/A	J14/J15 with experienced/approved J16+ steersperson. Only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	No 4-, 2xJ12-J15s with 2xJ16+ of which one experienced steers and one strokes. 4x- only if line of sight cover is in place AND under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with J16+ in bow or stroke AND if line of sight cover is in place AND/ OR under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved / experienced cox	NOT PERMITTED	Only with J16+ in bow AND stroke AND if line of sight cover is in place AND/ OR under supervision of a coach/ marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved / experienced cox.	Only with J16+ in the boat AND if line of sight cover is in place AND. OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover AND an approved /experienced cox.
increases risk, eg	eg. fog, high winds, etc.	Experienced J16-J18	Only if signed off as competent AND using buddy system with appropriate line of sight cover in place AND under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with an approved /experienced steersperson AND if signed off as competent AND using buddy system with appropriate line of sight cover in place AND/OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	No 4- for J16s. Other shells only with an approved/experienced steersperson AND if signed off as competent AND with appropriate line of sight cover in place AND/OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with an approved /experienced cox AND if signed off as competent AND with appropriate line of sight cover in place OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with an approved /experienced cox AND if signed off as competent AND with appropriate line of sight cover in place OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with an approved /experienced cox AND if signed off as competent AND with appropriate line of sight cover in place OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member on bank cover or launch cover.	Only with an approved /experienced cox AND if signed off as competent AND with appropriate line of sight cover in place OR under supervision of a coach/marshal/senior member of bank cover or launch cover.
AMBER FLAG	AMBER FLAG		RED FLAG = R	ESTRICTED RIVER FOR ALL U	SERS: Juniors Spin in the sar	ne place as college crews wi	en at Blue Flag and above (s	ee Line of Sight Safety Docu	ment).
WITH BAD CONDITIONS * OR RED FLAG	WITH BAD CONDITIONS * OR RED FLAG	Beginner/s any age and J12-J15	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED
STABLE CONDITIONS *Bad Conditions =	CONDITIONS *Bad Conditions =	J14-16 paired or mixed with J17+	N/A	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).
inything that further ncreases risk, eg. fog, high winds, etc.	Anything that further increases risk, eg. fog, high winds, etc.	Experience d J16-J18	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion; same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag
RED FLAG WITH BAD ONDITIONS*	BED FLAG WITH BAD CONDITIONS*	Beginner/s any age and J12-J15	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED
"Bad Conditions = Inything that further	"Sad Conditions = Anything that further	J15-16 paired or mixed with J17+	N/A	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).	Coaches Discretion; same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag mixed crews (with adjustment for ages).
ecreases risk, eg. fog, high winds, etc.	increases risk, eg. fog, high winds, etc.	Experience d J16-J18	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion; same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	NOT PERMITTED	Coaches Discretion; same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Flag.	Coaches Discretion: same criteria as Experienced J16-J18 on Amber Hag
Black Flag		ALL AGES	NOT PERMITTED	MOT PERMITTED	NOT PSHIMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	HOS PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED	NOT PERMITTED

Kayaking and Canoeing Risk Assessments

Risk Assessment

Generic Local Water Regular Activities



Stage 1: Identify the venue and look for any hazards

Stage 2: Decide who might be harmed and how

Stage 3: Evaluate the risks arising from the hazards and decide whether existing precautions are adequate or more should be done

Stage 4: Sign the Assessment to show you have considered all hazards, precautions and required actions

Stage 5: Review your assessment at least every 12 months and provide the Safety Officer with a signed copy for filing

stage street your assessment at reast every 12 months and provide the safety officer with a signed copy for ming				
Name of Assessor/Coach.	Jo Bates (lead coach)			
Venue	Falcon Boathouse and nearby river and canal network:			
	River Thames from King's lock to Abingdon lock, including Duke's cut			
	Oxford canal from Shipton lock (no 41) to Isis lock (no 46)			
	 River Cherwell from A40 road bridge (north of the Victoria Arms pub) to junction with Thames 			
	Lasher Mill Stream			
	Other local streams			
Date of Review	01/04/2023			
Date of Next Review	12 months from this review			
Signature				

Overview

The following are factors which all coaches/session leaders should consider when planning and delivering training sessions. The list is not exhaustive and coaches/session leaders should also be prepared to alter their planned session should any factors change (dynamic risk assessment). Factors that may change and affect the session include:

- coach/session leaders' own confidence and ability in the prevailing conditions
- the ability & stability of each paddler in their boat.
- the river conditions (current speed & smoothness, ease of exit from waterway in event of capsize) - see below for flag/board guidance
- the water temperature, given that sudden submersion in very cold water can be dangerous
- the weather conditions (temperature, wind speed & directions, rain/hail/snow)
- the light conditions (i.e. is it currently dark or likely to get dark during the session)
- the type of session planned (distance to be travelled from club, how close coach will be to group)
- the group dynamics (number and ability of paddlers in group, range of ability in group, presence of other coaches within group, how well the coach knows each paddler)

Flow rate: flags & boards

There are 2 systems that warn us of fast flow:

 The Environment Agency use a board system. This can be found on their website: http://riverconditions.environment-agency.gov.uk/. There are 3 levels: no stream warning, yellow boards (stream increasing/decreasing) and red board (strong stream). They cover all of the navigable Thames - the sections of interest to us are mainly Godstow-Osney, Osney-Iffley, Iffley-Sandford and Sandford-Abingdon. 2. The University rowing clubs use their flag system. This can be found on the Falcon website. The colours in ascending order of fast flow are: Green – Light blue – Dark blue - Amber - Red – Black. There are 2 sections of river that it covers: the Isis (Folly bridge to Iffley lock) and Godstow (Godstow lock to Rainbow bridge). Grey flag means that it is not being updated (often the case during the university holidays).

Some things to remember:

- The Isis flag only applies downstream of Folly bridge so even if it is showing amber or blue, upstream of Folly (and especially through the bridge) can be pretty fast.
- The Isis stretch (Folly-Iffley) is generally the slowest flowing sections of the river Thames locally, due to flow going down the backwaters, so this section can be safer to paddle than other areas.
- The Cherwell is not a managed river so reacts more quickly to increased rainfall than the Thames. This means that after heavy rain, the Thames may be OK but the Cherwell could already be flowing quickly. It also tends to go back to normal flow rates quicker than the Thames too for the same reason.
- Obstacles such as bridge pillars and islands restrict the flow of the river and so can make the flow higher or "swirlier". Upstream of Folly gets fast/swirly quite quickly, while the stretch from Iffley to Sandford will be a much easier paddle for the same board rating.
- Take care of whether the yellow EA boards say stream increasing or decreasing: an increasing sign means it could be about to turn onto red boards.

Further action

Another useful website is this one, which monitors the level of the Isis and predicts when it will be back off red flag: http://www.atm.ox.ac.uk/rowing/river.html

People at risk Risk control

General Hazards

List of Hazards

LIST OF Hazards	People at risk	RISK CONTROL	Further action
Unfamiliar location	All participants	Separate Offsite Risk Assessment Form to be completed	Coach to complete Offsite RA form and send a copy to Safety Officer for review
Inappropriate instruction	All participants	Instructors to hold appropriate and current BC coaching qualifications for the prevailing conditions, or to have been judged competent by the club committee. Supervision levels to be appropriate to the size and competence of the group	Coaches qualifications to be kept on file
Lifting and carrying kayaks and canoes, possible strain to back and muscular strain. Emptying water out of filled kayak or canoe.	All participants	Coach to explain correct way to lift boat. Recommend that smaller/weaker paddlers pair up to lift 1 kayak front and back, especially for heavier boats. Recommend that 2-4 paddlers lift canoes depending on paddlers and/or canoe size Explain how to empty water from boat	Briefing and demonstration by Coach on correct way to lift and carry kayaks and canoes. Coach to brief on emptying kayak or canoe.
Risk to others (rowers, members of the public, etc) being struck by moving equipment	All participants and others using boathouse and riverbank	Coach to caution participants about running around the boathouse, taking care when moving boats and paddles, not leaving boats in the way of others carrying boats	Coach to tell participants to be aware of others in and around boathouse
Equipment failure	All participants	Coach to explain to participants how to check boats, rudders, paddles etc	Equipment log is in place and maintained, and a progressive maintenance programme is undertaken. Any damaged or suspect equipment

			to be labelled or withdrawn from
			service until repaired or scrapped.
Hypothermia (most likely caused by falling	All participants	Coach to ensure that clothing is appropriate to the prevailing weather	Coach briefing on types of clothing to be worn to be warm when kayaking
into cold water or lack of		conditions. Good instructor	or canoeing.
appropriate kit for very cold		awareness – understanding of water	
weather)		temperatures	
		Survival blankets available at	
		boathouse	
Hyperthermia, sunburn and	All participants	All participants to wear appropriate	Coach briefing on types of clothing to
dehydration		clothing.	be worn to remain cool when kayaking or canoeing.
		Recommend bringing a bottle of water to sessions. Explain the need to	Coach to brief on problems of heat
		cover up and protect the head	and excess sun.
		Use sun block when necessary	and excess sum
Water and weather conditions	All participants	Coach take the water and weather	Coach to check weather and water
		conditions into account, as explained	conditions before session.
		at the top of this document.	
Minor cuts, splinters, first aid	All participants	Participants to be aware that there is	Coach to ensure that first aid kit is
		a first aid kit available if needed	available (in boathouse or in coaches
	All		boat) and adequately stocked
Losing contact with rest of group	All participants	Coach to explain designated paddling	Coach to ensure that contact is not
		area	lost with any of the group.
		Participants to be told not to stray too far from the Coach or other	
		supervisors	
Capsize	All participants	Participants to be briefed on the	Coach to brief all participants on the
Capsize	7 th participants	correct method of capsizing and what	procedure, in the event of capsize.
		to do when in the water	
Damage to feet from glass etc on	All participants	Suitable footwear to be worn on	Coach to brief all participants on the
the riverbed		riverbank and on the water in case of	risk of damage to feet and to
		capsize	recommend what to wear.
Drowning	All participants	Club members should be able to	Fitting of buoyancy aids checked by
		swim. When a club member is not a	Coach prior to the session starting.
		confident swimmer, they should	Capsize drill explained to reduce
		ensure that the coach of the session is aware of this.	possibility of participants not making clean exit from upturned craft
		Participants to wear appropriate	Canoe group to complete regular
		buoyancy aids throughout the	capsize drill sessions each summer
		activity, in line with the club's	Membership form includes
		buoyancy aid policy.	declaration of swimming
			competence.
Weil's Disease	All participants	Coach to ensure that all participants	Encourage all participants to wash
		are aware of waterborne	their hands soon after the activity.
		disease and the general signs and	Encourage participants to take
		symptoms of the disease.	showers if they fall in the river.
			Participants warned to seek medical
			assistance if they believe they have been infected.
Boats / Rowers	All participants	Participants warned about the	Vigilance by supervising coach
,	1	dangers from other users of the river.	throughout the session
		Coach to ensure participants know to	
		keep to the right hand side of the	
		river and to avoid getting too close to	
		rowers etc.	
Wildlife	All participants	All participants warned about the	Vigilance by supervising coach
	All participants		
	All participants	dangers of getting too close and disturbing wild animals such as swans	throughout the session

		and geese.	
Other Events on the Water	All participants	Coach to explain where it is possible to paddle when there is a regatta or "bumps" race on the river	Coach to be aware of planned events and plan session accordingly
Fishermen	All participants	Participants warned to steer away from anglers' lines wherever possible.	Participants warned of the dangers of old line and hooks left in overhanging trees and on riverbank
Overhanging trees	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with overhanging trees.	Periodic inspection of the river especially after floods or strong winds.
Weirs and Locks	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local weirs and locks (see below for more detail)	Participants warned to keep away from weirs and locks, unless this is part of the planned session. In this case, the coach/leader use dynamic risk assessment to lead paddlers with appropriate skill/experience on the downstream flow of approved weirs, or running the lasher/rollers, for development opportunities. Coach to provide instructions of
			where to exit from river when approaching local locks etc.
Bridges	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers of water near and under local bridges	Coach to provide advice of route and how to avoid fast moving water near bridges, unless this is part of the planned session. In this case, the coach/leader may use dynamic risk assessment to lead paddlers with appropriate skill/experience near bridges for development opportunities
Members of the public throwing items at paddlers	All participants	Coach to remain vigilant around bridges, or where groups of youths are gathered	

See below for risks associated with specific local areas:

River Thames from King's to Abingdon locks, including Duke's cut

List of Hazards	People at risk	Risk control	Further action
Rowers	All participants	Coach to ensure participants know to keep to the right hand side of the river and to avoid getting too close to rowers etc.	
Bridges - all bridges are hazards especially those with narrow arches	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers of water near and under local bridges, in particular • Gasworks Bridge – flow from castle weir stream on left hand side coming downstream • Folly Bridge – flow can be strong, moored boats and fairly narrow arches • The railway bridge at Kennington – narrow spaces between arches and banks, with overhanding trees	

Weirs - all weirs are hazards	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local weirs Beyond the swimming pool at Long Bridges associated with Iffley Lock associated with Sandford Lock associated with Osney Lock	No club sessions to go above Osney lock in red board conditions due to the strong pull of the weir just above Osney lock Weir stream between Sandford lock and Rose Island (past the hydroelectric plant) only to be used in very low flow conditions by competent paddlers due to the strong pull of the weir
Locks - all locks present hazards in use.	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local locks • King's Lock • Godstow Lock • Osney Lock • Iffley lock • Sandford lock	

River Cherwell from A40 road bridge to junction with River Thames

List of Hazards	People at risk	Risk control	Further action
Punters	All participants	Coach to ensure participants	
		know to avoid getting too close	
		to punts etc.	
Bridges - all bridges are hazards	All participants	Ensure that participants are	No club sessions to go upstream of
especially those with narrow arches		aware of the dangers of water	Magdalen bridge on red board conditions
arches		near and under local bridges	due to strong flow, and mooring of punts/rowboats in main arch of bridge
		 Magdalen bridge 	Exception for canoe group – canoe group
			coaches approved by the water safety
			officer may use dynamic risk assessment to
			lead paddlers with appropriate
			skill/experience upstream of Magdalen
			bridge for development opportunities.
			Specific permission must be sought for each
			planned trip.
Weirs - all weirs are hazards	All participants	Ensure that participants are	
		aware of the dangers associated	
		with local weirs	
		 University Parks with 	
		rollers	
		Along Mesopotamia	
Side channels	All participants	Ensure that participants are	
		aware that side channels may	
		be shallower and have more	
		obstacles than the main channel	
Overhanging and fallen trees	All participants	Ensure that participants are	
Overnanging and fallen frees	All participants	aware that due to the narrow	
		river, overhanging and fallen	
		trees are more common on the	
		Cherwell than on the Thames	
	l	cherwen than on the maines	

Oxford Canal from Shipton to Isis locks

List of Hazards	People at risk	Risk control	Further action

Canal boats	All participants	Coach to ensure participants know to keep to the right hand side of the canal where possible and to give moving canal boats plenty of space	
Bridges - all bridges are hazards especially those with narrow arches	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers of water near and under local bridges – on the canal, these can be particularly narrow and low	
Locks - all locks present hazards in use.	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local locks along the canal	

Lasher Mill Stream

List of Hazards	People at risk	Risk control	Further action
Overhanging trees	All participants	Coach to ensure participants are told to keep away from low hanging trees	
Weirs - all weirs are hazards	All participants	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local weirs The Lasher The Double The Treble	Paddlers should not go downstream of the large pipe crossing the back stream above the Lasher as it leads to the top of the double and treble weirs. This is a great danger in strong flow.
Longbridges streams from the Thames to the Lasher - flow	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage the flow	Paddlers should not go under longbridges to these streams when the flow is strong. Exception for canoe group – canoe group coaches approved by the water safety officer may use dynamic risk assessment to lead paddlers with appropriate skill/experience under longbridges for development opportunities. Specific permission must be sought for each planned trip.
Old swimming pool – old supports for platforms slightly submerged – causing obstructions	All participants	Coaches to inform participants of obstructions.	
Section from Lasher weir to Lasher weir pool – flow and overhanging/fallen trees	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage the flow and any overhanging/fallen trees	

Other Local Streams – eg Hinksey, Tumbling Bay, Bulstake, Castle Mill

List of Hazards	People at risk	Risk control	Further action
Overhanging and fallen trees/branches	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage any overhanging/fallen trees	Coaches to use dynamic risk assessment to respond to risks as required
Weirs - all weirs are hazards	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage the areas around any	Coaches to use dynamic risk assessment to respond to risks as required

		weirs	
Water levels	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage high and low water levels	Coaches to use dynamic risk assessment to respond to risks as required
Bridges	All participants	Coaches to ensure participants are aware of and have the skills/experience to safely manage the areas around bridges	Coaches to use dynamic risk assessment to respond to risks as required

Rowing Risk Assessment

Risk Assessment

Generic Local Water Activities



- Stage 1: Identify the venue and look for any hazards
- Stage 2: Decide who might be harmed and how
- Stage 3: Evaluate the risks arising from the hazards and decide whether existing precautions are adequate or more should be done
- Stage 4: Sign the Assessment to show you have considered all hazards, precautions and required actions
- Stage 5: Review your assessment at least every 12 months and provide the Safety Officer with a signed copy for filing

stage of the field your descession	stage of her ten your assessment at reast every 12 months and provide the safety officer with a signed copy for imag			
Name of Assessor/Coach.	Claire Parker - Water Safety Advisor (Rowing), John Hill, previous WSA.			
Venue	Falcon Boathouse and nearby river network (incl. Godstow to Abingdon,			
	Cherwell)			
Date of Review	23/5/2023 (V7.5)			
Date of Next Review	12 months from this review			
Signature	Claire Parker			

Overview

The following are factors which all coaches/session leaders should consider when planning and delivering water-based activity sessions. The list is not exhaustive and coaches/session leaders should also be prepared to alter their planned session should any factors change (dynamic risk assessment). This is also applicable for independent outings.

For outings beyond the geographic scope of this risk assessment, a specific risk assessment should be undertaken by the organiser and reviewed with the club water safety advisor.

The risk assessment guidance outlined below is strongly advised for users of private equipment, but for all users of club equipment and any Black Flag situation it is mandatory.

Factors that may change and affect the session include:

- coach/session leader's own confidence and ability in the prevailing conditions
- the ability, experience and skill levels of the crews / coxes in their respective boats
- the river conditions (current speed & smoothness, ease of exit from waterway in event of capsize) see below
- the water temperature, given that sudden submersion in very cold water can be dangerous see below
- the weather conditions (temperature, wind speed & directions, rain/hail/snow, lightning) see below
- the visibility and light conditions (i.e. is it currently dark or likely to get dark during the session, is there fog) -see below
- the type of session planned (distance to be travelled from club, level of supervision etc)
- the group dynamics (number crews / boats, range of ability, presence of other coaches)

Flow rate: flags & boards

There are 2 systems that warn us of fast flow:

- 1. The University rowing clubs (OURCs) use their flag system. This can be found on the Falcon website. https://falconboatclub.org.uk The colours in ascending order of fast flow are: Green Blue Amber Red Doom. There are 2 sections of river which are allocated their own flag status: the Isis (Folly bridge to Iffley lock) and Godstow (Godstow lock to Rainbow bridge). This system is active during university term time only. Another useful website is this one, which monitors the level of the Isis and predicts when it will be back off red flag. This is useful guidance outside of term time.: http://www.atm.ox.ac.uk/rowing/river.html
- 2. The Environment Agency use a board system. This can be found on their website, with a link from FBC website: http://riverconditions.environment-agency.gov.uk/ There are 3 levels: no stream warning, yellow boards (stream increasing/decreasing) and red board (strong stream). The cover all the navigable Thames the sections of interest to us are mainly Osney-Iffley, Iffley-Sandford and Osney to Godstow.

The Rowing section proposes a set of Guidelines to restrict the rowers that may access the water, using club equipment, under the different (OURC) flag conditions. These may be confirmed as set out here.

Green flag: all rowers and boat classes with suitable permissions and supervision **Blue flag**: all experienced rowers and any crews coxed or bow-steered by experienced persons **Amber flag**: no coxless boats without prior permission from a suitable risk assessor - i.e. probably limited to experienced crews of a competitive standard

Red flag: dependent on dynamic risk assessment, no rowing except in circumstances of very high competence / experience and low river traffic *and only with prior permission of a suitable risk assessor*.

Black flag: No rowing under any circumstances,

Some things to remember:

- The Isis flag only applies downstream of Folly Bridge. In general, most rowing sessions are limited especially in the winter to the stretch between Folly Bridge and Iffley Lock.
- For the benefit of water users, the Environment Agency try to keep the flow of the Isis stretch slow by diverting water along the backwaters i.e. under Longbridges. Consequently, the stream below the Gut can be slow when it remains faster above Longbridges. When in doubt, coaches should check above the Gut before committing to an outing.
- The Cherwell is rarely used for rowing but is occasionally visited by the Touring section of the club. It is not a managed river so reacts more quickly to increased rainfall than the Thames. This means that after heavy rain, the Thames may be OK but the Cherwell could already be flowing quickly. It also tends to go back to normal flow rates quicker than the Thames too for the same reason.
- Obstacles such as bridge pillars and islands restrict the width of the river and so can increase the flow. Upstream of Folly deteriorates quite quickly and trips towards Osney and Godstow may prove more hazardous in higher flow conditions.
- Take care of whether the yellow EA boards say stream increasing or decreasing: an increasing sign means it could be about to turn onto red boards.

Suitable risk assessors

Senior Coaches (John Hill, Jeff Bethray, Nick Kenworthy-Browne) rowing Vice Captain and Captain.

IF IN DOUBT DON'T GO OUT!

If an incident occurs, this should be reported it to the Club Rowing Safety Adviser by email rowing.safety@falconboatclub.org.uk and to British Rowing online: https://incidentreporting.britishrowing.org/

List of Hazards	Hazardous event	Barriers put in place to reduce the	Further Controls to reduce				
		probability of a hazardous event	severity of the harm if it				
Uozanda accacio	tod with the W	occurring	occurs.				
nazai us assucia	Hazards associated with the Water						
Deep water	Fall into water or capsize resulting in drowning	Coach to check participants' level swimming competence. All active rowing members to confirm on applying for membership whether they are: a competent swimmer and able to swim at least 50 meters in light clothing, treat water for at least 2 minutes and swim under water for at least 5 meters. Participants unable to comply with the above swimming requirement to wear appropriate buoyancy aids if line with the club's buoyancy aid policy. Coxes to wear lifejackets at all times All lifejackets and buoyancy aids to be checked and serviced annually.	Match supervision and use of BAs to demands of any potential risk from an individual's need Capsize: Ensure all participants trained in capsize drill. Including staying with boat, getting onto upturned boat, getting back in boat and to side of river. Lifebelt can be thrown from bank if needed. Assess for injury to crew, administer first aid in boat or back at boat house. Seek medical attention if severe injury. Drowning: Bank based coach/bystander to throw lifeling or use throwling.				
		Spare clothing to be brought for all outings, throughout the year however warm the weather.	throw lifeline or use throwline, pull victim to shore, call emergency services, if no effort at breathing start cardiac massage and use defibrillator: see club emergency action plan				
Fast flowing water / flooding	Capsize, Swept over weir / into bridge. Unable to return to boat house	All users to be aware of river flag status and rules outlined above in risk assessment text page 1 and 2. No rowing if the river bank is flooded at the boat house pontoon.	Capsize – see above Collision: with weir / fixed objects, call other boats for help. Assess boat for damage. Try to move to nearest bank and evacuate boat if damaged. Call emergency services if unable to move boat and crew. Assess for injury to crew, administer first aid in boat or back at boat house. Seek				
			medical attention if severe injury.				
Glass etc on the riverbed	Cuts to feet	Suitable footwear to be worn on riverbank Coach to brief all participants on the risk of damage to feet and to recommend what to wear.	First aid Seek medical attention for severe injury				
Wildlife	Birds attack rowers	All participants warned about the dangers of getting too close and disturbing wild animals such as swans and geese. Inform rowers about legal requirements and guidelines for accident avoidance. Vigilance by supervising coach throughout the session	First aid				
Water borne hazards /infections	Infection with Weil's disease after exposure to	Coach to ensure that all participants are aware of waterborne disease and the general signs and	Encourage all participants to wash their hands soon after the activity and avoiding rubbing				

	water	symptoms of the disease.	eyes or eating finger foods until they have done so.
		Cover cuts with waterproof dressings	Encourage participants to take showers if they fall in the river.
		Hose down equipment after outings.	Participants warned to seek medical assistance if they believe they may have been infected. Hand sanitizer in café.
Hazards associa	ted with the W	eather	Hand Sametzer in care.
Cold weather	Hypothermia (most likely caused by falling	Coach to ensure that clothing is appropriate to the prevailing weather conditions. Particularly for coxes.	All users should be aware of how to recognise and treat / respond to symptoms.
	into cold water)	Check water temperature if air <8 degrees. (see temp at Shiplake) https://dl1.findlays.net/show/temp/t	Return to boat house, provide warm drink
		hames1 If Water temperature 3-8 degrees	Survival blankets available at boathouse along with first aid kit.
		Amber flag rules apply. Single	
		scullers advised to buddy up.	Seek medical treatment if severe
		if <3 degree water temperature. No lone single scullers	
Hot weather	H	Avoid rowing if ice on the river. (Black flag rules apply)	Manada analan da da ana
Hot weather	Hyperthermia, sunburn and dehydration	All participants to wear appropriate thin clothing.	Move to cooler shady area Remove outer clothing Drink water
		Bring a bottle of water to sessions. Coxes to remind crews to drink regularly during breaks in outings.	Use river water for cooling Shower in cool water Seek medical treatment if severe
		Rest in the shady areas	Severe
		Cover up and protect the head Use sun block	
		Coach to brief on problems of heat and excess sun. Avoid outings in extreme heat (eg mid-day)	
Strong winds / choppy water	Capsize	Follow met office guidance and avoid rowing in extreme weather	Use buoyancy aid
		Use larger boats (eg 2x rather than 1x) Use more stable boats	Capsize see above
		Bank riders to carry throw ropes.	Boat swamped, bail out water and move to bank.
	Swamping	Avoid rough water	
	Damage to equipment on land	Use bailer/sponge to prevent water accumulation	
		Leave oars on the ground, not against	

		the wall, Don't leave boats unattended on trestles in strong winds.	Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.			
Poor visibility / light conditions	Collision and capsize risk	Coach to check visibility before starting a session. Wear High Viz clothing, especially sculls and Bowsteer. Lights to be attached to boat in poor light conditions and early and late outings.	Carry phone to contact club Collision: assess for damage, try to return to boat house, if not possible, land nearby. Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.			
Fog	Collision and capsize risk	Assess developing fog throughout outing. Wear High Viz clothing, especially sculls and Bowsteer. Follow rules of the river and local navigation plan. Teach scullers, bow steers and coxes to lookout and listen for other boats and warn them. If FOG: if both lifebelts (in the Gut and below Donnington Bridge) not visible from hard, Black flag applies. No rowing.	Lights to be attached to boat in poor light conditions to aid location of the boat. Contact club using phone if unable to return due to developing fog. For Collision and capsize see above			
Lightning	Lightning strike causing burns, electrocution or cardiac arrest	Avoid rowing if lightning present or forecast. If lightning occurs: Black flag rules apply. If already on the water, leave the water immediately and seek shelter in a suitable building (not necessarily your home boathouse), if available. Do not return to the water until at least 30mins has passed without thunder or lightning flashes.	If struck by lightning, follow club emergency action plan. Administer CPR / Defibrillator			
Hazards associa			Callinian and ab			
All water users	ll water users Collision Circulation pattern agreed with all Collision see above					

		water users: row on the right hand side of the river (in the direction of travel). See club navigation plan with circulation pattern.	
		Cox Bow steer scullers to Alert other users to presence of the boat eg 'look ahead double'.	
		Cox and bowsteers to be assessed by senior club coaches / officials before undertaking unsupervised outings.	
Novice rowing crews	Collision with inexperienced crews	Awareness - especially in the Michaelmas Term - of large boats in the wrong place and without control as novice crews and coxes try to learn the basics.	Collision see above.
		Restrict times? College novice crews are not allowed through the Gut until mid term and so, till then, this hazard will be evident upstream but not apparent at the club	
		Coxes, scullers and bowsteers to warn crews they see approaching them.	
Kayakers	Collision	Coach to ensure crews keep to the correct side of the river and remain alert for kayakers. Both parties need to be turning around to be aware of potential dangers. Ensure rowers recognise that kayakers have less need to watch behind them whereas rowers depend on it. Be aware that kayakers are more manoeuvrable and they may use the "wrong" side of the river at times.	Collision see above
Other waterborne craft (mobile and fixed) and river users, including effect of wash	Collision Swamping	Participants warned about the dangers from other users of the river who may not observe correct navigation procedures or are unable to control their craft adequately. Coach to ensure participants know how to navigate the local waterways and how to deal with nonconformances from others. Crews to be aware of fixed craft moored along river and avoid collision of blades or boats with these. See navigation plan for correct flow of river traffic. Correct training in rowers' development - especially coxes and bowsteers. Vigilance by supervising coach throughout the session	Collision and capsize see above. Swamping see above
		Coach crews how to handle wash, use	

		bailer to prevent water accumulation	
Anglers	Entanglement with line / hooks	Participants warned to steer away from anglers' lines when possible. Show respect and gratitude whenever a fisherman takes avoiding action to allow free passage.	Cut fishing lines First aid treatment.
Other Events taking place on the Water	Impact on rowing outing	Coach to ascertain and explain where it is possible to row when there is an event taking place locally. Coach to be aware of planned events and plan session accordingly. Rowers to respond and respect advice or instruction from event management and representatives	
Punters	Collision	Coach to ensure participants know how to anticipate and thereby avoid getting too close to punts etc. Consider bank holidays, good weather with higher expectation for tourist and college users of punts	Collision see above
Members of the public throwing items /using gel guns at rowers	Injury	Coach to remain vigilant around bridges, or where groups of youths are gathered Consider using mobile device to record any inappropriate behaviour.	First aid as required. Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.
		cal environment ngdon and river Cherwell)	
Overhanging trees,	Danger of blades being entangled on submerged roots and branches. Danger of injury to cox and crew.	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with overhanging trees and the danger of trees falling into the river. Periodic inspection of the river especially after floods or strong winds. Cox to warn crew if obstruction seen ahead	Capsize and collision as above Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed. First aid as required.
Bridges - all bridges are hazards especially those with narrow arches	Risk of collision with bridge arches	Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers of water near and under local bridges below and traffic priority ("Give way to craft coming downstream") -Folly Bridge -The railway bridge at Kennington -Magdalene bridge	Capsize and collision as above Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.

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Weirs - all weirs are hazards	Risk of going over weir. Risk of collision with weir posts	Ensure crews are aware how to pass narrow bridges by partially shipping oars safely, drawing handle back past the body, spoon remaining on the water for stability Know how to deal with turbulent water, priority passage through a bridge (powered craft vs. manpowered; upstream vs. downstream etc) Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local weirs Make navigation plan available to all. Participants warned to keep away from weirs and locks if not intended to pass through the lock. In particular spinning at Iffley lock should be just beyond or at Isis Farmhouse. In fast flow conditions, should be at Haystacks. Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local weirs (see page 2 above) associated with Sandford Lock associated with Osney Lock associated with Godstow lock associated with Abingdon lock	Capsize and collision as above Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.
Locks - all locks present hazards in use.	Risk of collision and capsize	 University Parks with rollers Along Mesopotamia Ensure that participants are aware of the dangers associated with local locks Iffley Lock Sandford Lock Osney Lock Godstow lock Abingdon lock Learn the mechanisms of lock usage - how to manage and use locks (parking up, entering and exiting lock etc) how to order the fill / empty cycle by use of the sluices and gates -how to safely hold /ship oars in locks, avoid oars / boat getting caught on steps or chains. Learn how to stop at the high pontoons adjacent to locks, pulling blade handle back and blade forward whilst leaning 	Seek help from the lock keeper in passing through the lock. Collision and capsize see above.

		out on the pontoon side. Use ropes and boat hooks to hold onto pontoon.	
		Learn about the drift towards a weir, how to take wind and stream into account - sometimes beneficially to	
II		hold position near a lock	1 4:
		thouse and going afloat and	
Lifting and carrying boats	Musculo-skeletal strain	Athletes to be suitably informed about correct techniques, including crews carrying boats with even numbers on each side unless placing boat onto or lifting from the water.	First aid Seek Medical treatment if severe
Risk to others (other club members, the public etc) being struck by moving equipment	Injury	Coach to caution participants about running in boathouse, taking care when moving boats and blades, not leaving equipment in the way of others	First aid Seek Medical treatment if severe
Impact on obstacles in boathouse, high racks	Injury	Advise all boathouse users of the extent of riggers sticking out at head height and at foot level, keep the boathouse tidy, be cautious about the change in light levels when entering the boathouse etc Maintain lighting systems (fluorescent tubes etc), remind users about hazards and any changes to the organisation of equipment etc High level small boats to be accessed in the boat house with care. Use the red step ladders in bay 1 with rollers, placed on a firm concrete surface only.	First aid Seek Medical treatment if severe
Unstable boat on going afloat / landing	capsize	Participants to be briefed on the correct method of getting into and out of boat. Coach to brief all participants on the procedure, in the event of capsize. Use of boat as a buoyancy aid.	Capsize see above.
Boats / Oars falling from racks	Injury Damage to equipment	Ensure that boats and oars are correctly stored and fixed	First aid Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed.

incorrect clothin	Ť		
Equipment failure / maintenance	Injury Capsize, risk that feet may be caught in shoes if heel restraints don't release.	Coach to explain to participants how to check boat hulls, rudders, riggers, bow balls, stretchers, shoes, heel restraints, hatch covers, etc before the outing. Ensure gates, fixing screws and nuts on stretchers are checked for tightness periodically during outings. Cox to remind crews.	Any damaged or suspect equipment to be labelled with swing-tags provided and/or withdrawn from service. Boat manager to be emailed. First aid Capsize see above.
Clothing / hair	Capsize	Ensure crews do not wear clothing that could impede recovery in event of capsize - eg Dryrobes denims, jeans. Ensure crews do not wear Hoodies when rowing or sculling as thumbs can catch in pocket. Hoodies can be turned inside out if no other option. Long hair should be tied up in plaits / a bun to avoid getting trapped in equipment particularly in a capsize.	See capsize
Hazards associat	 ed with health	conditions / fitness	
Rowers with low fitness	Collapse or	Coaches to understand fitness levels	First aid
levels	illness	and capabilities and work within them. Members to improve fitness levels.	Seek medical attention if sever
Minor cuts, splinters,	Risk of bleeding or infection	Participants to be aware that there is a first aid kit available if needed Ensure that cuts are covered with plaster or dressing when rowing	Coach to ensure that first aid k is available (in boathouse or in coach's boat) and adequately stocked. Regular inspections /replenish of first aid kit to be recorded. List of all first aiders to be visible on club notice boards.
Crew member or sculler with Infections diseases (eg respiratory infections, gastroenteritis)	Spread of infection	Members should not attend training or competition if they have an infectious illness. Members should not return to training until fully recovered. Practices good hygiene (hand wash, wash equipment) after all outings.	Seek medical advice if member become severely unwell with infectious diseases following outings.
Crew member or sculler with epilepsy	Seizure during a rowing outing, risk of injury	Members with epilepsy should make coach aware. Members with epilepsy should not be allowed on the water within 1 year of a seizure or 6 months of reducing or stopping anticonvulsants (as per DVLA	In the event of a seizure occurring on the water, recove to the bank, follow emergency action plan.

		driving guidelines)	
		Awake seizures where consciousness and function is not affected may be permitted to row or cox following medical review.	
Crew member or sculler with asthma	Asthma attack whilst on the water risk of collapse	Members with asthma should always take prescribed inhaler before exercise. Carry inhaler in the boat in a drybag. Minimise exercise with upper respiratory tract infection.	In the event of an asthma attack, inhaler to be used, and member to be taken to boathouse. See emergency action plan for severe cases.
Crew member or sculler with diabetes	Hypo or hyper glycaemia during outing. Risk of collapse	Members with diabetes to ensure that they have eaten and taken appropriate medication before outing. Take high glucose content food / drink on outing to treat hypo if needed.	Medical advice to be sought
Crew member with cardiac conditions	Heart attack whilst rowing	Members with significant cardiac conditions should only row following medical advice.	Call 999 ungently In the event of attack or cardiac arrest. Use defibrillator. See emergency action plan.
Disabled rowers	Injury Fall into water Capsize	Disabled rowers to discuss risk with coach. Lower limb prosthesis only to be worn if can be released from shoe quickly. Lower limb amputee to use of walking aid to get into and out of boat. Seek assistance from others in carrying	First aid in the event of injury. Capsize see above
Hazarde accaciat	 od with uso of	boats.	the club house
	Musculoskeletal	indoor rowing machines in Guidelines placed by machines on use	Adminisiter first aid
Use of poor technique when rowing	injury	and technique. Coaches to train on use of machine	Refer to physiotherapist if appropriate.
Crowding between and around machines	Falls	Ensure machines are well spaced and people don't gather round.	First aid
Unclean machines	Infection risk	Towels to be used beneath machines to catch sweat. Wipe clean machines and handles after use	Recognise and treat infection as appropriate.
Clothing catching on seat/rollers and track	Rowing being pulled off machine	Long tops to be tucked in	First aid
Inadequate nutrition or hydration before exercise	Rower dehydrated or hypoglycaemic	Ensure rowers have adequate water, nutrition before and during use	Water, first aid, high glucose food.
Rower with long hair leaning over machine to hold feet in position.	Hair catching in machine	Tie hair back	Cut hair free
Equipment breakage	Injury due to equipment breakage	All equipment issues/failure to be identified in an equipment log, and taken out of service before repair. Ensure all machines are serviced regularly, usually every 3 months Ensure the handle is not left in the cradle thus stretching the cord.	Administer first aid.
Medical issues	Epilepsy, diabetes asthma symptoms develop	See above in medical issues section	First aid, or ambulance support as required.

Other hazards			
Inappropriate instruction	Risk of injury, or capsize.	Coaches (paid or volunteer) to register as coaches with British Rowing (BR)	Coaches qualifications to be kept on file
		Coaching qualifications should be appropriate for the prevailing conditions (including ideally first aid award for coaches)	Capsize and first aid see above.
		Assistant coaches to be designated by senior coaches following appropriate instruction	
Use of Club Launch	Risk of collision, injury or capsize	The club launch (CoX 902) may only be driven by persons with RYA Level 2 certificate.	Launch driver qualifications to be kept on file
		Continuates	Capsize and first aid see above.
		Life jackets must be worn by driver and passengers.	
	Risk of petrol	Launch bag must be taken on all journeys.	
	leakage / damage by rats. Risk of	Petrol to be provided by launch driver	
	fire.	and not stored on club premises.	